

**Klosterneuburg Monastery (<http://www.stift-klosterneuburg.at>):**

At the beginning of the 12th century the Babenberg Leopold built his residence not far from today's collegiate church in Klosterneuburg. The foundation stone was laid for it on June 12, 1114. In 1133, Leopold brought the order of the Augustinian canons to Klosterneuburg. Since then the canons (with the exception of a few years: 1941 to 1945 the monastery was abolished by the National Socialists) work here.

In an eventful history spanning nine centuries, Stift Klosterneuburg has become a religious, pastoral, scientific, cultural and economic center that can radiate far beyond the monastery walls. The nearly fifty canons, who belong to the convent today and the many employees in the parishes and in the business enterprises, want to carry this great heritage together into the future.

Klosterneuburg Monastery is home to numerous art treasures and is definitely worth a visit.

**Art Brut Center Gugging (<http://www.gugging.org/de/startseite>):**

The Art / Brut Center project is a non-profit employment project for people with special needs of a physical, social or psychological nature and their main residence in Lower Austria. The project participants are trained as assistants for the arts and culture sector according to their individual requirements. It is located directly next to the IST Austria.

**Danube cycle path:**

On the tour from Passau to Vienna, cyclists can enjoy the stimulating change between nature and culture. Exciting landscapes such as the Schlägen Danube loop and the romantic UNESCO World Cultural Heritage Wachau are just as tempting as city experiences in Vienna, Linz and Passau. Monasteries, castles and ruins, picturesque villages and old market squares are also along the way. The excellent infrastructure, first-class hotels and guesthouses as well as bike service and rental points, also for e-bikes, guarantee comfortable bike tours.

**Klosterneuburg open-air swimming pool, the lido**

([https://www.klosterneuburg.at/Strandbad Klosterneuburg 8](https://www.klosterneuburg.at/Strandbad_Klosterneuburg_8)):

The municipal lido Klosterneuburg (1878 - 1913 Englbad) has existed since 1913 and accommodates classical swimming pool facilities, a natural Danube arm and an allotment garden area with partly historical cabins and bath cottages.

**Taverns (“Heurige”) in Klosterneuburg:**

Romantic vine arbors, southern flair and local delicacies: Klosterneuburg and Vienna are famous for their vineyards and wine taverns. The locals meet in these taverns and enjoy the local and homemade specialties with a glass of wine.

The municipality of Klosterneuburg publishes an annual Heurigen calendar, which can be found here: <https://www.klosterneuburg.at/Buschenschankkalender>